FOR SALE A DESIRABLE THREE ca; g., a.d. An christic comming 1.0 and a waral arwace, between Nineterinh and Twens. If set a inches by 60 feet deep; ip you
on RESIDENCE in Georgetown, altaonigomery street, hear Road, hardgreeved by shade feet, hardgreeved by shade feet, hardone of the street of the set of the
one Twentieth and Twenty-first; is 1.50.

THOS. E. WAGGAMAN.

NB Seventh street. FOR SALE OF EXCHANGE-TWO-STORY

TOR SALE-A FARM, CONTAINING ON

WHARF FOR SALE. DODGE & DARNEILLE, FOR SALE-SIX ELEGANT NEW RESI HE GREAT SALE OF BUILDING LOTS Small cash payments; balance in monthly GEO. M. LANCKTON.
"Ivy" office, 518 Seventh street.

FOR SALE-ONE OF THE MOST DE-SHABLE SUBURBAN HOMES wear the cir-containing six and a haif seres of highly-coils ated crounds, Cottage House and Barn, orchard of h-carricties of fruits in full bearing, good well of cater in the yard, all in first rate condition, three hills from the circumstances. males in the yard, and make rate consistent three miles from the city; good roads and convenient to schools, store, &c.; embracing all the advantages of a picasent country home, and smeepthic of being divided advantageously in lots.

J. C. HAVILAND,
Real Estate and General Agent, &c Ninth street. VALUABLE SECOND-HAND BOOKS

Or. Lardner's Works; 10 volumes. Brightly's Higest; 2 volumes. Brey's Laws, Medical; 5 volumes. Cowper's Homer; 4 volumes. iation's Mathematics; 2 volumes. arsons on Contracts; 2 volumes. es' Encyclopædia, complete: # volume Congressional Globe, complete; 16 volumes.
Smilbsonian Reports, complete; 16 volumes.
Pacific Railroad Surveys, complete; 18 volumes.
Patent Office Reports, Mechanical, from 186 (
1870. complete; 5 volumes.
And many others, AT LOW PRICES, at ANGLIM'S ANTIQUARIAN BOOK-

F and Fifteenth streets, near the Treasury. TOR SALE. A BEAUTIFUL ESTATE. Two hundred acres of LAND, well fenced: elegant homestead, with all modern improvements; splendid outhouses, she orchards, &c., &c.; elpht miles from Washington, on the Seventh-street road, and on line of Point of Rocks railroad. Will sell the whole or part.

ALSO,

and on line of rolls of rolls of the whole or part.

A SM A L L F A R M .

adjoining, forty-eight and three-quarter acres, well fenced, comfortable buildings, &c.

For full particulars apply to J. C. LAY. +

my6-17 flor fronth street northwest. We have at the present time the best collection of

FARMS

rer offered in the city, comprising all kinds and res, and in various locations, especially in the idinity of Washington, and on the lines of rali-onds extering therein, near depots.

Cor. Seventh st, and Louisiana ave. tel at Hindensburg, with stable and atl necesation.
Thirty-five acre Lot, adjoining the above, frontge of about 40 yards on the Washington City and
orbit Lookout railroad. It is a fine grass farm,
serfectly level: good for a market garden or and G acres in the town of Forestylle, for-one Oid Fields, which is one of the best in the country. Large peach and apple or-full bearing. Distance from Washington, es-good road. The Washington City and cokout railroad is located through this prop-

Malaga Fruit Company, 408 NINTH STREET. FLOOR MATTINGS - CHINESE AND All sizes, very cheap, at JAPANESE MATTINGS, all grades, at reveed prices.

120 Peng-ylvanja svenue.

120 Peng-ylvanja svenue.

121 Peng-ylvanja svenue.

121 Peng-ylvanja svenue.

122 P.M.Wei

WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 23, 1874-WITH SUPPLEMENT.

A CHOICE BUSINESS STAND FOR RENT one of the best grocery, provision and produce stores in the city, fixures complete, corner Eights and L streets northwest. Immediate possession Rent can commence July 1. UNFURNISHED BOOMS FOR RENT-ON TOR RENT-THE HOUSE CORNER OF Seventh and I streets northwest, fermerly known as the Dorsey hotel, containing 20 rooms; recently put in thorough repair and cleaned throughout; one of the best bulness house, exhibitally located. For particulars apply to A. W. Davis Co., near controllers apply to A. W.

FOR RENT.

lavia & Co., Bear, or J. C. HAVII.AND, Real Estate Agent, tel-FMAWif 800 Ninth street jes-FMAWif

SPLENDID OFFICE ROOMS FOR RENT
SPLENDID OFFICE ROOMS FOR RENT
The management of the SECOND NATIONAL
BANK will be pleased to receive proposats from
parties wishing to reut office rooms in their elegan
FIRE-FROOF BUILDING, No. 306 Seventh sfree
morthwest, opposite the General Post Office De
partment,
apra-if Acting Cashler.

FOR BENT, IN THE MOST DESIBABLE part of F street-a store and dwelling, with II roome; all modern improvements. Will be rented

WANTED-A WHITE NURSE. MUST be perfectly reliable and well recommended Address at once. Lock Box 85, Post Office. jels-2t WANTED-EVERY LADY TO KNOW

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED-A COMPE

WANTED.—A MAN AND WIFE TO TAKE

MANTED.—A MAN AND WIFE TO TAKE

So miles from the city. The man must understand
gardening thoroughly, and the wife general housework. An American preferred. References with

W ANTED. - SECOND-HAND FURNI-TURE, Bed Clothes, Second-hand Clothing, and Boots and Shoes. Will pay the highest cash prices. Orders promptly attended to by unall, by H. COLEMAN & CO., No. 305, corner of Tenth street and Pennsylvania arcane. and Pennsylvania avenue,

ANTED-EVERY ONE TO KNOW THAT
they can purchase DRY GOODS, HOSIERY,
and NOTIONS very cheap at the
"VICTOR" SEWING MACHINE OFFICE,
also, branch of Muse. Demorest's Pattern Emporium, 60 Pennsylvania avenue,
feb24-of EUREKA EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 218 etween K and L streets. iani5 MRS. LOUISE'C. BUTLER.

FOR SALE OR RENT. POR SALE OR TO RENT-ON AND AP-ter the first of July next, a FURNISHED BOISE No. 14 Lafayette Square, lately occapied by New President Coffax, and now by Sensitor Al-bert. Apply to EDW. ShiPPEN, 302 Washur street, Fibraceiphita.

TWO ELEGANT NEW RESIDENCES, en K street, between Fourteenth and Fifteer streets, being one of the most desirable streets strets, being one of the most desirable streets for residence in the city.

The houses we very commodious, finished in the best manner, with polished hard wood on first floor, and having every convenience and improvement of a first-class residence. Stables in rear of lots.

Terms of rale made cary, apply to Latta. Corner Fifteenth and Si streets.

LOST AND FOUND. LOST-ACBLACK HORSE—HE STRAYED from the pasture at the Highiands, on the Baltimers and Ohio railroad, on Thursday last; was sore in front, and without shoes on the fore feet. A liberal reward will be maid for his delivery at the Highlands, or at this office.

BOARDING. POARDING .- DESTRABLE FURNISHED

DERSONAL -DISAPPOINTED. MOUNT Vernon, Friday. Alexandria, same day. Piens send address and will answer immediately. pc21-21

PETER CAMPBELL,
Stock Broker,
Stock Broker,
102 Pennsylvania avenue, between Willard's and
11 the Treasury.

\$20.000 TO LOAN ON CITY PROPS. HCILIDAY, No. , Intelligencer Building,
Seventh street, Washington.

\$30,000, ON FIRST OLASS REAL
10.00.

J. STANLEY JONES,
10.5-1w

Bell Estate Broker,
21 Jo.5-1w

Bell Estate Broker,
21 Jo.5-1w

Bell Estate Broker,
21 Jo.5-1w

A WNINGS

A And awards frames, manufactured by J. C. Buch A. 718 Market Space. Awaings for stores, public building, hotels and private residence at actory prices. Plags and emp-inceting tents for sale or rent.

Sole agent for the only genuine Mildew-proof Awaing Goods.

Notes by mail promptly attended to.

Notes by mail promptly attended to.

Notes by mail promptly attended to.

Notice—THAT E. S. JUSTH, 619 D.

street, between Sixth and Seventh streets northwest, sells custom-made second-hand Clothing at less than half the cost of ready-made new ones.

N. B.—Second-hand clothing of all kinds bought at N. B.—Se Aircash prices.

M. B. H. J. FRENCH.

M. PRACTICAL AND SCIENTIFIC ELECTRICIAN. CLAIRVOYANT AND MAGNETIC PHYSICIAN.

M. Prench possesses wonderful curative powers, particularly over all uer oun diseases. Certificate, particularly over all uer oun diseases. Certificate with the laying on of hands. She also possesses the wonderfol gift of portraying on canvas the likeness of departed friends. Call and be convinced: 1913 New York avenue.

BRITISH SETTLERS. A convention of British Settlers of Northern Vir-inis will be held in Sarepta Hall, Alexandria, Va., is WEDNESDAY, the lat of July, 1834, at 110 clock in, to effect the organization of a permanent as-ociation, the aim of which will be the extensive ottement of immigrants from Great Britain in the

AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF WALL PAPERS. WINDOW SHADES. it greatly reduced prices, at

L. F. CLARK'S,

Jel-im No. 1223 Pennsylvania avenue.

CTRAW HATS IN GREAT VARIETY AT

SELBY'S, and as chesp if not cheaper than any
other house in town. Quick sales and small profits
is his motto. No. 1918 Pennsylvania avenue.

jell-if J. S. Commissioner and Examiner in Chan-SHORTHAND WEI

DOG MUZZLES.

OF THE MOIETY SYSTEM.

QUEER PRACTICES OF A PIOUS MER-CHANT-HOW THE REPUBLICANS PLAY INTO THE HANDS OF THE OPPOSITION-GEN. BUTLER DEFINES HIS POSITION. The following is Gen. Butler's speech in th se Friday night last upon the moiety sys-

Mr. SPEAKER: Failing health, and the im-erative direction of my medical adviser of the call for a draught upon my physical strength, kept me silent upon the debate on the bills epealing the several molety laws by means o which the collection of taxes had been assure n all civilized nations. Perhaps this inability ne to call the attention of the House to what deem the dangers to the revenue of so comlete a departure from a system begun unde familton, sanctioned without interruption by very legislative act without one intended exeption; and because this may now be done oo, after the officers lately executing these aws have gone out of office. The personal enmities and feelings which egged on the proscution of the investigations of the Committee on Ways and Means have subsided or failed in heir specific objects; personal ambition and either been satisfied or failed in their purposes. and the bill proposed by the committee having WANTED-COPIES OF THE NATIONAL may now bring to the attention of the House REPUBLICAN of the 5th day of May, 1874. Apply will not have its weight diminished by the alie-

I assume the experiment of abolishing mol

zen, but wholly neglected-of exposing frauds by those by whom the law requires they shall in all civilized countries from time immemorial. We derive our laws in this regard, as indeed in clared in the House as an argument against it that the molety system had been abolished in which caused its abolition was not stated in the same connection by either of the gentlemen the Committee on Ways and Means in their upon this subject; or in the several reports which they have made to the House, covering six hundred pages; and that is, Great Britain has abolished duties upon all articles of importation save seven only, and upon these her tax is substantially a specific and not ad valorem duty, and she has thrown around those sever articles such safeguards as to compel the hopest payment of the imposts upon them; while we have imposed duties, generally ad valorem, on three thousand two hundred and eleven articles of importation of every possible description, and in the value of each of which every customs officer would be required to be skilled

cers covering her whole coast, and watching every bay, inlet, and headland of her island whereon contraband goods can possibly be landed. We have no such service, but officers engaged in collecting revenues upon regularly imported goods only, the special agents of the Treasury and the revenue marine excepted. How, then, can smuggling and the much more extended and injurious crime, the importation of goods by false values and false weight and measurement be prevented? Only by the imposition of penalties so severe that they will make the hazard of the business more than commensurate with the profits. Now the profits on the undervaluation of a single cargo may be hundreds of thousands, while smuggling must of necessity be of very much less value at the single venture. Therefore the importation at undervaluation and by false weights and measures is much more dangerous to the revenue than any possible smuggling. Yet the committee seem to have directed all their energies to relieving from penalties, frauds by undervaluations and cheating by false invoices, whereby the greatest wrongs and injuries are inflicted upon the Government, and to have given their attention to the prevention of smuggling, which of necessity must be comparatively inocuous and in much smaller amounts.

The smuggler must hide in nooks and inlets,

clared value to the United States, \$5,073,373.38; which of necessity must depth of the prevention of smuggling, which of necessity must be comparatively incorous and in much and from the faire for both and from the faire for the faire faire for the faire

importer who may happen to have made mis-takes. The committee, however, have again forgotten to tell us that in every case of honest mistake the law gives instant remedy in the remission of all penalties. Penalties can only be inflicted on the merchant when the Socre-tary of the Treasury cannot be continced he is honest. An illustration, however, upon this point will give a better idea of the honesty of all merchants than any reasoning. And lest I may be supposed to be prejudiced I will take CAUSTIC AND THOROUGH REVIEW THE TEA TRADE OF BOSTON.

The Hall That That De Grasson.

The House is aware that our revenue system allows the merchant to bring his goods in without payment of duties and keep them in bond, and in case he desires, export them without payment of duties. The House will also do me the favor to remember that up to 1870 we had not a very large duty on test, but yet enough to excite the cupidity of some "housest merchants." In 1887 there were exported in bond free of duty from Boston to certain small places in the British provinces bordering on the coast of Maine, to wit: Saint Stephens, Saint Andrews, the Island of Grand Menan, Campo Bello, Indian Island and Saint John's river, 6,738 packages, containing 388,308 pounds of tes. But in the latter part of 1867 one of these "pestiferous informers" upon whom the very vials of wrath of the chairman of the committee were poured out—an informer, aided by a special agent of the Treatury, went down East along the line dividing us from the province of New Brunswick and commenced a series of suits and seizures which the bill of the committee now forbids, especially seizures of books and papers; and the consequence was that the next year, 1858, at the same ports, only 1,704 packages of tea, amounting to 85,968 pounds, or one quarter as many, were sent from Boston to be smuggled back into the United States. Does not this conclusively prove the necessity for the use of the informer and the penalty of a molety given to him to induce him to act for the Government, so that he may be willing to be vituperated by the learned chairman of the committee in the following the servers of the committee in the following the servers of the committee in the following the committee in he may be willing to be vituperated by the learned chairman of the committee in the fol-

who takes the wages of fin and iniquity."

Who would not require at least one-half of all the penalties he could get to have such tillingwate thrown at him in the face of the lillingwate thrown at him country! Did i efer occur to the chairman hat there must be something to inform of before there could be an informer; that the 'honest merchant' must have committed a rime before anybody could tell of that crime; that the 'honest merchant' must have before anybody outly the beautiful must have before anybody outly the beautiful must have before anybody outly the beautiful must have been seen that the 'honest merchant' must have "honest merchant" must have committed a crime before anybody could tell of that crime; that the "honest merchant" must be convived of defrauding the revenue by a jury, unless he confesses his guilt, before the informer can get a quarter of the ponalties of the former can get a quarter of the ponalties of the informer can get a quarter of the ponalties of the informer can get a quarter of the ponalties of the crime to which the court scattering of the list hatter, as follows:

"Un a motion made and seconded to shut the door of the Sunate, in the discussion of any bustness which made and second to that the guilty of the Sunate, in the discussion of any bustness which say in the opinion of a Senator requires secrecy, the presiding effect shall direct the galley of the Sunater in the discussion of the motion that the guilty of the secret, the motion that would not rather be the "merchant prince" who defrands his government and cheats the people and is false to his country and his God, at all the guilty of the committee on Ways and Means, rather than the citizen who informs the Government of his crimes in order that they may be hindered, and punished.

To stamp the fact that all this importation of the into the account the other ports of the United States—to this province was entirely for the purpose of being smurgied back into the United States by the "honest merchants," I will all the purpose of being smurgied back into the United States by the "honest merchants," I will all the provinces were such as a such as a

country alone.

But this exporting in bond of a few hundred thousand pounds of tes to half-civilized islands, as I have said before, is but a bagatelle in comparison with the amount of frauds committed upon the revenue by false and fraudulent invoices of high-cost merchandize. I have therefore here at some aging to earlier the work.

The doors were reopened at 6.26 p. m. The doors were reopened at 6.26 p. m. of the cost for the work.

Mr. PRELINGHUYSEN moved to unions officer would be sequiled to be skilled, and expert; in addition to he sastered homes; the comment of the sastered homes; the comment of the comment of the sastered homes; and in addition experience are compared to the comment of the sastered homes; and the country fractions are consistent to the saster to frame a distribution of the country fractions and the country fractions are consistent to the country. The title are homes and do their duty, what no more tensored to the country fractions are consistent to the country fraction of the country fractions are consistent to the country fractions and the country fractions are consistent to the country fractions and the country fractions are consistent to the country fractions and the country from which his goods come. The country is defined by propertion of the country and th

WORSTED STUFFS.

Fraudulent undervaluations in worsted stuffs of all kinds sent from England to the United States are simply enormous, as the subjoined examples will demonstrate:

Combed, not milled, worsted stuffs exported from Great Britain in one year, total number of yards, 154,206,478. Of these there were tent to the United States 48,542,218 yards; to the other countries, 105,604,260 yards. Total value as declared in the invoices to the United States. 48,10,324,741,32; to other countries 233. States, \$10,334,741.24; to other countries, \$33, 331,100.44. Average invoice value per yard to the United States, 31 cents; to other countries where there is no tariff of duties, 89.7 cents.

OTHER WORSTED STUPPS. OTHER WORSTED STUPPS.

Total exported in five months, 85,299,174
yerds; to the United States, 28,442,728 yards;
other countries, 56,856,449 yards. Total declared value to the United States, \$5,073,875.28;
to other countries, \$18,038,030.80. Average
per yard to the United States, 18 cents; to other
countries, 814 cents, Difference or producted.

FORTY-THIRD CONGRESS. FINAL ADJOURNMENT EXTENDED

PRIATION BILLS-THE GENEVA AWARD BILL AGREED TO-DERATE ON THE LITTLE SISTERS OF THE POOR-VARIOUS MATTERS OF PUBLIC INTEREST.

The Chaplain, in his prayer at the opening of the session, thanked Divine Providence for all the mercles shown to Congress during the session now trawing to a close, and asked for the Divine bless

The next amendment, placing the duty on still wines at 40 cents per gallon, was adopted.

The amendment reducing the duty on still wines imported in bottles to \$1.50 per case of one doten bottles, was adopted.

The following amendments of the Finance Committee were agreed to: Striking out the clause imposing a duty of 10 cents per pound on hops: placing the duty on chromate and bichromate of potash at a cents per pound; on maccaroni, vermicall and all similar preparations, 2 cents per pound; on the in plates or sheets, and on terne and tagger's lin, 1-10 cents per pound.

The amendment of the committee to strike out the clause allowing grain bags exported from the United States to be returned free of duty, was not agreed to.

The amendment to strike quickeliver from the free list was not agreed to.

The amendment to strike out section twenty-four, allowing a fatment or planter to sell sho worth of tobacco of his own raising, was agreed to.

Section transplace providing for drawbacks upon exported manufactured tobacco, was also struck out.

Mr. EDMUNDS moved to go into executive

EVENING SESSION.

The Senate reassembled at 7:30 p. m.

Mr. SCHURZ called up House bill granting the right of way through the public lands to the Arkansas Valley Railway Company. Passed.

Mr. HAMLIN called up House bill authorizing he President to appoint Geo. Henry Preble, now captain on the active list, to be a commodore. Passed.

A message was received from the House asking a committee of conference on the sundry civil appropriation bill, which was acceded to, and Messra. Morally, of Ma, Sangent and Strumson appointed as the members of the committee on the part of the Sensie.

Mr. DAVIS called up House bill referring the case of Joseph Wilson to the Court of Claima. The claimant made a contract to furnish mules to the Government during the war, to be delivered in Washington, but was kept out of the city by virtue of an order from the War Department, issued during Early's raid, and forbidding exits from or entrance into the city. In the meantime his mules were captured by the enemy, and the object of the bill is to allow him to take his claim for compensation to the Court of Claims for adjudication.

Considerable discussion ensued on the bill, and Mr. EDMUNDS finally moved to postpone its

terther consideration that the mass anomaly of De-cember.

Rejected, and the bill was then passed.

Mr. CARPENTER saked that the Committee on the Judiciary be discharged from the further consideration of the inquiry as to whether the Police Court of Washington is a constitutional tribunal. He said a bill had been reported on this subject. The motion of Mr. CARPENTER was agreed to.

Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN called up the con-

TO FOUR O'CLOCK TO-DAY.

sul at Londonderry. Passed.

Mr. SCUDDER, of N. J., from Committee of

vices rendered in the army during the war.
Mr. CRUTCHFIELD, of Tenn, objected.
Mr. SCHUMACKER, of N. Y., obsered a bill for the relief of William Todd Heimuth, of New

SUNDRY CIVIL APPROPRIATION BIL

and leaves all others subject to the future action of Congress.

Mr. BUTLER said that was the case.

Mr. ELDREDGE, of Wis, hoped the report would not be adopted. He believed this fund belonged to the United States absolutely, and he did not see why Congress should make an exception with regard to its distribution.

Mr. FRYE, of Me., said it seemed to him that Mr. Eldernous wanted this money covered into the Treasury, and placed in the same monstrous condition that the French spollation claims and the Japanese indemnity fund were.

Mr. ELDREDGE inquired whether the report of the conference committee, which the gentleman signed, did not say practically that the money belonged to the United States.

Aiter further discussion the report was agreed to.

wish to have their issues sent through the mails, at a rate which made them comparatively free, in the present deficiency in the revenues of the Government.

After further discussion, the conference report was rejected—year 16, nays at 1, nays at 1.

On motion of Er. MORRILL, of Me., the House was requested to grant a new committee of conference on the Post Office appropriation bill.

The new committee of conference on the Post Office appropriation bill.

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The sense to the propriation bill.

The Sense to 1,20 p. m., took a recess to 1,20 p. m.

EVENING SESSION.

The Senate teasembled at 7,30 p. m.

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ommitted.

Mr. MORRILL of Vt., from the committee of conference, submitted a report on the bill regulating the gas works of the District of Columbia. He said there was no change made is the price fixed for gas.

The report was concurred in.

Mr. WINDOM submitted a report from the second committee of conference on the Post United Mr. WINDOM submitted a report from the second committee of conference on the Post United Will was reported this appropriation was not paper postage were new past at 2 cents a pound, and the Congressional Record at 1 cents properly was concurred in.

Mr. WILSON said it was indicated in the read and the Congressional Record at 1 cents properly was concurred in.

Mr. WILSON said it was indicated in the reduction of the Congressional Record at 1 cents properly was concurred in the record at 1 cents and the Congressional Record at 1 cents are conducted that he would not include that he would not include the base of the said to be a conducted that he would not include that he would not include that he would not include the part of the said not words could be required to pay for it, with the said in the said not words could be used to demonate the manner in which the affairs of the District that been conducted that the would not include that he would not include the said not words could be used to demonate the manner in which the affairs of the District that they should be required to pay for it, and the said not words could be used to demonate the manner in which the affairs of the District that they should be required to pay for it.

Mr. OUBH, of kansas, asked why when the District that the would not indicate.

Mr. WILSON said it was indicated in the reconstruction of law of was a city in the Union, north of Mason & Diron's line, where there was as much suffering as in Washington. He had men come to him, white and black, with tears in their eyes, and tell hew they were suffering for food and cruid got no pay. Mr. RANDALL, of Pa., then offered an amendment, which was adopted, providing that \$78,000 of the said sum be used for the payment of workingmen employed under the Beard of Public Works or contractors on public improvements in the streat or excavations, where the accounts of contractors had not been settled and the amounts paid to the workmen of contractors withheld in the settlement of the latter.

The amendment as thus amended was then agreed to -119 to 38

\$200,000 for the improvement of the grounds under the direction of Fred. Law Olmstead; that appropriating \$150,000 for extending the old City Hall; that to fit up rooms in the busement of the Post Office building; and that to pay the indebtedness of the Reform School of the District of Columbia, were non-concurred in.

The amendment appropriating \$20,000 for continuing the work on the crection and fitting up of the holdings of the followide.

THE LITTLE SISTERS OF THE POOR. peropriation.

air. GARFIELD agreed with all Mr. HOAR

as may be designated by the proper efficers was non-consurred in.

The amendments in relation to experiments with breech-loading cannon and small arms was amended by striking out the names of the lawouters and leaving it all open to competition.

Mr. G. F. HOAR moved to suspend the rules and adopt an amendment to pay \$1,000 to Gren. O. O. Howard for expenses incurred in defending himself before the court of inquiry, and also before the Committee on Education and Labor in the last Congress.

Mr. BECK, of Ky., said he should object unless he could offer an amendment to pay Andrew Johnson \$8,000 for defanding himself in the impeachment trial.

son \$4,000 for defending himself in the impeachment trial.

Mr. Hoan's motion was rejected.

A number of amondments were offered to increase the pay of committee clerks, but they were rejected.

On motion of Mr. GARFIELD, of Ohio, all the remaining amendments were non-concurred in in bulk, and the bill was sent to a committee of conference. bulk, and the bill was sent to a committee of conference.

Mr. DAWES moved to non-concur in all the Senate amendments to the tariff bill, and send it same to a committee of conference.

The motion was agreed to.
Messrs. GARFIELD, of Ohlo, HALE, of Me., and NIBLACK, of Ind., were appointed conferees on to the sandry civil appropriates bill, and Messrs. Dawss, of Mass., Kelley, of Pa., and BECK, of Ky., conferees on the tariff bill.

On motion of Mr. RANDALL, of Pa., the ruites were amended so as to provide that the ruites may be suspended the last six days of the ression instead of the last ten days, as at present.

The House then, at 450 p. m., took a rocess till \$30 p. m.

The House reassembled at 8:30 p. m.
On motion of Mr. RANDALL, of Pa., the Sen-

NO. 167.

and intimated if that was done considerable time The House reassembled at 11:55 and a number of bills were taken from the table and referred.

Mr. ELDREDGE moved a recess until 10 a.m.
Pending a division on the motion the Clerk of
the Senate appeared with

THE TARIFF BILL,
the Senate having agreed to the conference report, and the motion was then withdrawn.

Mr. DAWES, of Mass., then submitted the conference report.

Mr. DAWES stated that the conference committee had conceded to the Senate the striking cut of the clause allowing sales of tobacce to the extent of \$100 and the increased tax on hops, and also the tax on sales of stocks, bonds, and gold and silver builton and coin. In regard to the latter, the objection was that there was no machinery perfected for its collection, and that a more perfect bill could be arranged before the meeting of the next session. Although not all the House de-

Mr. McDOUGALL, of N. I., from the educe committee of sub-bill to provide for the of persons convicted in the courts of the States who may become insane, reported it Senate receded from its amendments, and agreed to. The house then, at 1:20 o'clock a. m., recess till 10 o'clock.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

PROCEEDINGS IN PARLIAMENT. Loxpon, June 22.-The House of Commo

irrectors of that association?

Mr. GARFIELD replied that the Woman's Her Majesty's Ministera. They did not wish to Absociation was not at all secturian. It is all secturian as the section of the members belonged to no particular of Ourch, out all were welcome. But the Little Sisters of the Poor belong to an Order controlled in and by order against resoulten and revolution, but it was contained to the constitution of the description of the section of t

THE INISH HOME BULE RESOLVE. In the House of Commons to-day Richard

Presented.

**RESOTTATION WITH LEGITIMISTS.

PARIS, June 22.—Count Dunius has been in negotiation for some days with prominent legitimists in regard to the constitutional guarantees which Count de Chamleord may be willing to

CONFERENCE OF CATROLIC RISHOPS.

BERLIN, June 22.—The conference of Roman

Satholic bishops opened at Fulda to-day, and will

The Porte prohibits the circulation of the Bible The American pilgrims yesterday presented an album and a collection of valuable diamonds to the Pone.

PRILADELPHIA VS. BALTIMORE. PHILADRIPHIA, June 22.—The game between the Philadelphia and Baltimore clubs this eventerest. About one thousand persons were present. The Philadelphia dub made eighteen base hits and the Baltimore club cieven. The Philadelphia made in Sensenderfer, of the Athletica, satisfactorily umpired the game, The following is the score:

CHICAGO VS. HARTFORD. HARTFORD, June 22.—In a game of base ball to-day the Chicago club gained a victory over the Hartford club by a score of 14 to 10.

MURDER IN BALTIMORE. Battimons, June 22.—To night, between 11 and 12 o'olook, during a drunken brawl at the Sherwood hense, corner of Fayotte and Harrison streets, Berry Amos, aged about thirty-five, a well-known sporting character and gambler, was stabbed in the loft shoulder, and bled to death in

A PATERSON OFFICIAL IN TROUBLE.